I Pledge Allegiance to My Health

This pledge can be read daily at school or at home with your family to remind you of all the ways to take care of your body!

I pledge allegiance to my health, to not compare myself to anyone else. With fruits and vegetables I'll fill my tray and get nice and sweaty every day. I have only this body and this one heart so today's the day I'm going to start eating less chips and less sugary drinks and before I eat I'm going to think!

I Pledge Allegiance to My Health created by Mandy Richardson, Teacher on Special Assignment Network for a Healthy California-Hawthorne School District



Winter Squash

Nutrition Facts

Serving Size: 1/2 cup cooked pumpkin

	(123g)			
	Calories 24	Calories from Fat 0		
		% Daily Value		
	Total Fat 0g	0%		
	Saturated Fat 0g	0%		
Trans Fat 0g				
	Cholesterol 0mg	0%		
	Sodium 1mg	0%		
	Total Carbohydrate 6g	2%		
	Dietary Fiber 1g	5%		
	Sugars 1g			
	Protein 1g			
	Vitamin A 122%	Calcium 2%		
	Vitamin C 10%	Iron 4%		
	Other nutrients: Potassium (8%), Riboflavin (6%			

- A ½ cup of pumpkin is an excellent source of vitamin A.
- Source: www.nal.usda.gov/fnic/foodcomp/search/NDB No: 11423 For many centuries, people have carved "jack-o-lanterns" at Halloween. In Ireland and Scotland, they originally used potatoes and turnips. In England, they used beets. In the 18th and 19th centuries, American colonists found pumpkins to be the most ideal "vegetable" for carving jack-o-lanterns.
- Pumpkins are 90% water. Pumpkins can range in size from less than a pound to over 1,000 pounds.
- Winter squash include: butternut, hubbard, pumpkin, spaghetti, and acorn.
- Investigation: Are pumpkins fruits or vegetables?
- Read Fruit is a Suitcase for Seeds! at http://bit.ly/URo0aC



Botanically, scientists classify pumpkins as fruit because they have seeds. In the 1893 U.S. Supreme Court case of "Nix v. Hedden," the pumpkin was declared a vegetable, along with cucumbers, tomatoes, beans, and peas. This came about because of a tariff law in 1887, which added a tax on vegetables but not fruits.

Pretend you are a scientist and you need to conduct experiments only on fruits. Using what you learned above, and the list provided on page 3, make a list of all the "vegetables" that should really be classified in the fruit group. Write an explanation using evidence from the reading to support your answer.

Jack-o-lantern Smash
visit: http://1.usa.gov/1mB1Djb



Read It Before You Eat It

You know how books have a table of contents that explains what's inside? Or maybe you have a toy that came with a diagram that identified each small piece. Nutrition labels are sort of like that. They tell you what's inside the food you're eating and list its parts.

The Nutrition Facts food label gives you information about which nutrients are in the food. Your body needs the right combination of nutrients, like vitamins, to work properly and grow. Other information on the label is given in percentages. The percent daily value (% Daily Value or % DV) on a food label tells you how this food can help someone meet these daily goals. The % Daily Value shows whether the food is a high or low source of a nutrient.

How many servings are you eating?

Visit http://bit.ly/1fEL05D to watch a video on Nutrition Facts Labels.

Cereal Scavenger Hunt!

Find three different cereal food labels. You can collect these in different ways like bring the label in from home, take a picture using your phone, or visit a website. This can be done as a class, in a group, or individually. Transfer the information to the blank food labels below. Using evidence from your reading and the video, decide which cereal is the best choice for you and explain why you chose that cereal. Use a separate piece of paper.

Macaroni and Cheese

Nutrition Facts Serving Size 1 cup (228g) Servings Per Container 2 Amount Per Serving Calories 250 Calories from Fat 110 % Daily Value* Total Fat 12g 18% Saturated Fat 3g 15% Cholesterol 30mg 10% Sodium 470mg 20% Total Carbohydrate 31g 10% Dietary Fiber 0g 0% Sugars 5g Protein 5g Vitamin A 4% Vitamin C 2% Calcium * Percent Daily Values are based on a 2,000 calorie diet. Your daily values may be higher or lowe depending on your calorie needs: Calories: 2.500 Total Fat 80g Less than Sat Fat Cholesterol Less than 300ma 300mg 2,400mg 2.400ma Sodium Less than 375g Total Carbohydrate 30g Dietary Fiber

Get What You Need!

% or less is low % or more is high

5% or less is low 20% or more is high

Nutrition Facts

Serving Size:			
Calories	Calories from Fat		
	% Daily V	alue	
Total Fat		%	
Saturated Fat		%	
Trans Fat			
Cholesterol		%	
Sodium		%	
Total Carbohydrate		%	
Dietary Fiber		%	
Sugars			
Protein			
Vitamin A %	Calcium	%	
Vitamin C %	Iron	%	

Nutrition Facts

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Serving Size:			
Calories	Calories from Fat		
	% Daily Value		
Total Fat	%		
Saturated Fat	%		
Trans Fat			
Cholesterol	%		
Sodium	%_		
Total Carbohydrate	%		
Dietary Fiber	%_		
Sugars			
Protein			
Vitamin A %	Calcium %		
Vitamin C %	Iron %		

Nutrition Facts

Serving Size:	
Calories	Calories from Fat
	% Daily Value
Total Fat	%
Saturated Fat	%
Trans Fat	
Cholesterol	%
Sodium	%
Total Carbohydrate	%
Dietary Fiber	%
Sugars	
Protein	
Vitamin A %	Calcium %
Vitamin C %	Iron %

Reading Informational Text 5.2, Speaking & Listening 5.1, SL.5.2, Operations & Algebraic Thinking A.2, Measurement and Data A.5, Health Ed Standard: Nutrition & Physical Activity: Accessing Valid Information 3.2.N, Decision Making 5.1.N

